Smart Shopping Cart Assistant

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Abstract- This system gives solution to reduce the shopping time at supermarkets. Every supermarket employs shopping trolley in order to aid customers to select the products which they intend to purchase. At billing counter customer may face many problems like waiting and don't know even they have sufficient money for the products they purchase [1]. The billing process at the counter is a time consuming and also need more human resource in the billing section. To tackle this problem, we have proposed a solution in which a smart shopping cart is used to overcome these problems. It has Barcode scanner and touchscreen display, which can be used to scan the products and display the product information, cost and total bill. The customer can pay the bill through any one of online payment options such as Paytm, UPI, Phone Pay etc [1] This solution will increase the consumer experience and reduces the shopping time.

Keywords—GSM, OpenCV, Sensor, Shopping

I. INTRODUCTION

Time is most valuable in every one's life, no one wants to waste their time. But while shopping everyone waste most of the time at the billing counters by standing in queue. If it is a festival season, the crowd is usually high and billing time will increase promotionally. Therefore, the main aim of the smart shopping cart is to reduce the shopping time The customers themselves can make billing, so it is easy for the customer to estimate the bill also. The shopping malls can reduce the manpower at billing counters and space occupation which in turn reduces efforts and investment. These efforts and investment can be used to improve the quality and consumer experience [1]. More products can be placed instead of billing counters to attract customers.

A. Background of Retail Technology

The historical backdrop of retail technology showcases a trajectory of advancements aimed at optimizing various facets of the shopping process the introduction of barcode scanners revolutionized inventory management and checkout procedures streamlining operations and reducing errors Subsequent innovations, such as electronic payment systems and online shopping platforms, further expanded the scope of retail technology, catering to the changing needs and preferences of consumers.

B. Need for Innovation in Shopping Experience

As consumer expectations evolve in response to a rapidly changing technological landscape, there emerges a pressing need for innovation in the shopping experience. The traditional brick and mortar model, while enduring, must adapt to streamline processes, minimize manual efforts, and offer customers a seamless and engaging journey This necessity is driven by the desire to not only meet but exceed the expectations of modern consumers who seek convenience, personalization and efficiency in their shopping interactions.

C. Overview of Smart shopping cart assistant

This project introduces a pioneering Smart shopping cart assistant, where a Raspberry Pi controller serves as the central hub orchestrating an array of advanced technologies. The amalgamation of computer vision, Internet of Things (IoT) integration, and Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) technology propels this system into the realm of innovative retail solutions [4].

The system's core functionality revolves around automating the traditional product scanning process A Pi camera, equipped with computer vision capabilities, eliminates the need for manual barcode scanning, enhancing both speed and accuracy in identifying products [4]. Simultaneously, IoT integration facilitates comprehensive data collection, providing valuable insights into customer behaviour, inventory management, and system performance.

The inclusion of GSM technology adds a layer of real-time communication to the shopping experience. As products are scanned and bills are generated, the system sends notifications to customers, keeping them informed about their purchases and potentially offering personalized promotions. This interactive element not only enhances customer engagement but also contributes to a more personalized and enriched shopping experience.

In summary, the Smart shopping cart assistant represents a convergence of technologies at the forefront of retail innovation. Beyond addressing current challenges, it sets the stage for a more interconnected and intelligent retail landscape aligning with the evolving expectations of modern consumers.

II. EXISTING SYSTEM

We have known that most of the cities consists of supermarkets and hypermarkets, where shopping trolleys are a ubiquitous aid for customers in selecting their desired products. Customers typically place items in their trolleys as they navigate the store and then proceed to the checkout counter for payment. However, this traditional checkout process often results in long wait times and uncertainty regarding payment sufficiency. Additionally, it requires significant human resources. To mitigate these issues, RFID technology-based systems have been developed. These systems automate the checkout process, reducing wait times and providing real-time payment verification. Despite their potential benefits, widespread implementation faces challenges due to high costs and complexity Expanding and refining such systems necessitates substantial investments and expertise. Thus, while RFID technology holds promise for improving supermarket operations, its large-scale adoption requires careful consideration of cost and implementation challenges.

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN

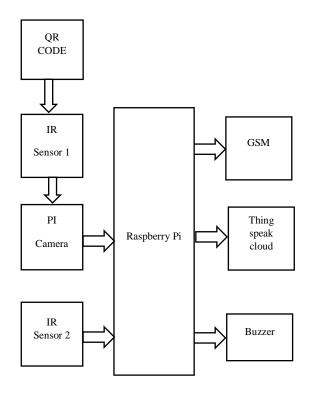


Fig. 1. Block Diagram

A. QR Code Scanning with OpenCV

This section delves into the intricacies of utilizing OpenCV for QR code scanning within the Smart shopping cart assistant. It elaborates on the image capture process, explaining how the Pi camera captures real-time data. The discussion then extends to the image processing algorithms employed by OpenCV, detailing how they analyse the captured images to identify QR codes and subsequently recognize and categorize products [3] The reliability and efficiency of this method are emphasized, showcasing how it significantly contributes to the accuracy and speed of product identification in the smart shopping cart context Additionally, considerations regarding potential challenges and optimizations for future enhancements are addressed, ensuring a robust and adaptable QR code scanning mechanism.

B. IoT Integration for Data Collection

This subsection provides a comprehensive overview of the system's architecture, highlighting the integration of Internet of Things (IoT) devices for seamless data collection. It outlines the various IoT sensors and devices embedded within the shopping cart, elucidating their roles in gathering relevant data, including product details, quantity and customer interactions. The discussion extends to the communication protocols and data transmission mechanisms employed to relay this information to a cloud platform for centralized analysis. The architecture's scalability and adaptability to changing data requirements are also considered ensuring that the system can accommodate future enhancements and evolving retail needs.

C. GSM Module Implementation for Notifications

Detailing the implementation of the Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) module, this section explains how the system leverages this technology to enhance customer engagement through real-time notifications. It walks through the process of generating notifications based on scanned products, bill generation, or personalized offers. The importance of instant communication in providing customers with timely updates on their purchases promotions, or discounts is highlighted Considerations for managing communication queues, ensuring message delivery reliability, and optimizing the notification system's responsiveness are discussed. The integration of GSM serves as a pivotal element in creating an interactive and customer-centric shopping experience, aligning with the project's overarching objectives.

D. System Security & Data Privacy Considerations

Security and data privacy are paramount in the Smart shopping cart assistant, and this section elucidates the measures taken to ensure a trustworthy and compliant solution. It discusses the encryption protocols employed to secure data transmission between the shopping cart and the cloud platform, safeguarding sensitive customer information. The implementation of access controls authentication mechanisms, and regular security audits are detailed to fortify the system against unauthorized access and potential breaches. Additionally, considerations for complying with data privacy regulations, such as GDPR, are outlined, emphasizing the ethical handling of customer data.

This holistic approach to security and privacy underscores the system's commitment to maintaining the integrity and confidentiality of customer information, fostering trust in the innovative shopping experience.

IV. METHODOLOGY

A. Hardware and Software Requirements

Hardware

- Raspberry pi
- Pi camera
- IR sensor
- GSM

Software

- Tool Python idle
- Language Python
- Cloud Thing speak

B. Programming the System with Python

This section delves into the heart of the Smart shopping cart assistant, detailing the programming aspects with Python. It explicates Python's pivotal role in executing various functionalities, from QR scanning data code to processing and communication with IoT devices and the GSM module. The code implementation is intricately described, emphasizing the logic and algorithms that enable the system's seamless operation. By breaking down the programming elements, this section ensures clarity for developers, facilitating effective collaboration and promoting a deep understanding of the codebase.

C. Data Analysis with Thing Speak

The methodology for data analysis using Thing Speak is illuminated, shedding light on how the system leverages this cloud platform. It delineates the process of uploading information to the cloud facilitating real-time data monitoring, analytics, and visualization. The integration with Thing Speak ensures that both retailers and customers can access valuable insights derived from the gathered data

This methodology underlines the commitment to data-driven decision-making, enhancing the overall efficiency of the Smart shopping cart assistant while providing a transparent and accessible means of understanding system performance.

D. User Interface and Experience Design

This section focuses on the principles governing the user interface (UI) and overall user experience (UX) of the Smart shopping cart assistant. It outlines design considerations crucial for creating a user friendly and intuitive interface that enhances the overall shopping journey. Discussions cover the layout, navigation, and visual elements, ensuring that the system is not only functional but also aesthetically pleasing. By emphasizing user-centric design, this section aims to optimize the interaction between the system and users, fostering a positive and enjoyable experience for both customers and retailers. The principles outlined here lay the foundation for a well-designed and accessible Smart shopping cart assistant.

V. RESULTS

A. System Testing and Performance Metrics

This section presents comprehensive results obtained from rigorous system testing. Accuracy in product identification is scrutinized, showcasing the effectiveness of the implemented QR code scanning mechanism powered by OpenCV. Metrics detailing the speed of QR code scanning contribute to assessing the system's efficiency in real-time product recognition. Overall system performance metrics, including responsiveness, reliability, and error handling, are meticulously analysed. The results provide invaluable insights into the reliability and efficiency of the Smart shopping cart assistant ensuring that it meets the stringent requirements for accuracy and speed, essential for a seamless and trustworthy shopping experience.

B. Retailer Inventory Management Improvements

Delving into the tangible benefits for retailers this subsection emphasizes the transformative impact of the Smart shopping cart assistant on inventory management. Real-time data collection mechanisms embedded in the system significantly contribute to improvements in stock control and supply chain processes. Retailers witness enhanced accuracy in tracking product movements, reducing instances of stockouts or overstocking. The system's ability to provide instant updates on product availability and purchasing patterns empowers retailers to make informed decisions, optimizing inventory levels and streamlining supply chain operations. The results highlight the practical implications of the Smart shopping cart assistant in revolutionizing traditional inventory management practices, fostering efficiency, and ultimately improving the bottom line for retailers.

VI. WORKING

When customers visit the supermarket, they will utilize a smart shopping cart equipped with advanced features. Upon detection of a product by the IR sensor, it will be presented near the Pi camera. Only after this detection, the camera activates for the product scanning process.

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Fig. 2. Product scanning

The above fig.2. illustrates the process of scanning the product QR code to initiate shopping. During shopping, customers select items and place them in the cart. Before adding items to the cart, they

must scan each product using the Pi camera. Once all desired items are scanned, the customer proceeds to checkout. At checkout, the customer's items are tallied, and a bill is generated. The customer scans the payment QR code to indicate the completion of shopping. Upon scanning, the system automatically displays the billing details on the screen.

This includes the total number of products, individual product costs, and the total amount to be paid, as shown in the fig.3 below.

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Fig.3. Total bill amount generated

Now after the successful payment, a text message confirming the receipt of payment will be sent to the customer, along with the total billing amount. The below fig.4. Illustrates the payment received notification corresponding to the bill.

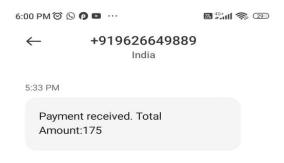


Fig.4. Payment received message

The retailer and shop owner can utilize Thing Speak, an IoT analytics platform, to visualize the total number of products sold over time. Thing Speak allows for the creation of dynamic graphs and charts based on data collected from sensors or other sources. By integrating their sales data with Thing Speak, the shop owner can easily analyse trends and identify periods of high product sales. The below fig.5. shows the graphical representation of the sold product count

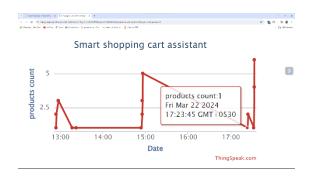


Fig.5. Product count graphical representation

VII. DISCUSSION

A. Advantages of the Smart shopping cart assistant

This section underscores the multifaceted advantages of the Smart shopping cart assistant. It discusses how the system positively impacts customer experience by offering a seamless and engaging shopping journey. Operational efficiency is highlighted, emphasizing the automation of processes such as product scanning and bill generation. Additionally, the system's contribution to enhanced inventory management, providing realtime data for retailers, sets it apart from traditional shopping carts. The discussion explores the unique features that distinguish the Smart shopping cart assistant, emphasizing its potential to redefine the retail landscape.

B. Challenges and Limitations

Acknowledging the realism of implementation challenges, this section provides a candid assessment of potential issues. It addresses factors such as technical constraints, environmental variations, and user adaptability that may impact the system's performance in a real-world retail environment. By openly discussing challenges and limitations, this section contributes to a holistic understanding of the Smart shopping cart assistant's feasibility and areas for potential improvement.

C. Potential Impact on the Retail Industry

Exploring the broader implications, this section delves into how the Smart shopping cart assistant could revolutionize the retail industry. It considers the system's scalability and adaptability, envisioning its potential to set new standards for customer centric retail experiences. The discussion also touches upon the transformative effect on traditional business models, offering insights into how the system may influence future retail practices and interactions between retailers and customers.

D. Future Directions and Technological Advancements

Speculating the on future, this section contemplates potential advancements and expansions of the Smart shopping cart assistant. It discusses how emerging technologies, such as advancements in computer vision or IoT capabilities, could further enhance the system's functionalities. The exploration of technological trends provides a forward-looking perspective, suggesting possibilities for ongoing innovations in retail technology and potential avenues for future development.

VIII. CONCLUSION

A. Summary of Findings

Summarizing the key findings, this section revisits the achievements and impacts of the Smart shopping cart assistant. It emphasizes the successful implementation of innovative features improvements in operational efficiency, and the system's overall contribution to addressing identified needs in retail technology. The summary reinforces the project's significance in advancing the field of smart shopping solutions.

B. Contributions to Retail Technology

Detailing specific contributions, this subsection highlights how the project adds value to the field of retail technology. It discusses innovations in automated scanning, real-time data collection, and customer engagement through GSM notifications by elucidating these contributions, the section positions the Smart shopping cart assistant as a noteworthy advancement in the realm of retail technology.

C. Final Thoughts on the Future of Shopping

Closing the report, this section provides final reflections on the broader implications of the Smart

shopping cart assistant for the future of shopping. It emphasizes the transformative role of technology in shaping consumer experiences, paving the way for more personalized, efficient, and interconnected retail practices. The section leaves readers with contemplative thoughts on the continued evolution of shopping in the digital age.

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