

# Development of an Automated System for Material Management at the RMC plant using Computer Vision

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**Abstract**— Ready Mix Concrete (RMC) plants are critical components of modern construction, yet their operational efficiency is often compromised by reliance on traditional, manual material management practices. These outdated methods introduce significant challenges, including inventory inaccuracies, the risk of stockouts or overstocking, procurement delays, and increased operating costs. To address these systemic inefficiencies, this research explores the implementation of Computer Vision (CV) an advanced application of Artificial Intelligence for automated and intelligent material monitoring within RMC facilities. The proposed CV system is designed to provide real-time, accurate data on key operational aspects, such as raw material levels in storage bins, vehicle movement tracking, and the precise flow of materials throughout the plant. By automating these monitoring functions, the system eliminates the need for constant human checks, thereby minimizing errors and enhancing process control. The adoption of computer vision offers a scalable, robust, and reliable solution to ensure immediate inventory precision and a consistent material supply, ultimately leading to significant improvements in the overall accuracy, efficiency, and cost-effectiveness of RMC production.

**Key words:** Ready Mix Concrete (RMC), Computer Vision (CV)

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Ready Mix Concrete (RMC) plants are essential for modern construction, providing large quantities of consistent, high-quality concrete. The efficient operation of these plants largely depends on how well they manage materials like cement, sand, aggregates, water, and chemical admixtures. Many RMC plants still use mostly manual methods for material management, relying on people to watch and keep records. This often causes problems like not knowing exactly how much material is on hand, running out of materials or having too much, delays in getting materials, and higher costs. To deal with these problems, it's

important to use automation and smart monitoring systems. Using computer vision is a modern way to improve how accurate, efficient, and reliable material management is.

Computer vision, which is part of artificial intelligence, allows machines to understand and analyze visual data from images or videos. In RMC plants, computer vision can monitor how much material is in storage bins, spot when vehicles move, track how materials flow, and guarantee a steady supply without needing people to constantly check. RMC plants are a key part of today's construction world, providing concrete that is carefully controlled in composition and consistent in quality. How well these plants work relies heavily on managing raw materials correctly, including cement, fine and coarse aggregates, water, and chemical additions. Traditionally, most RMC plants depend on manual checks and record-keeping for managing materials and keeping track of inventory. These traditional ways can easily lead to mistakes made by people, which can cause problems like not estimating materials correctly, unexpected shortages, building up too much stock, and delays in production. The construction business increasingly needs automation and digital changes. An automated system can guarantee accuracy, openness, and real-time monitoring of materials. Using computer vision tech seems promising. Computer vision is part of artificial intelligence that allows computers to analyze visual information from cameras and sensors.

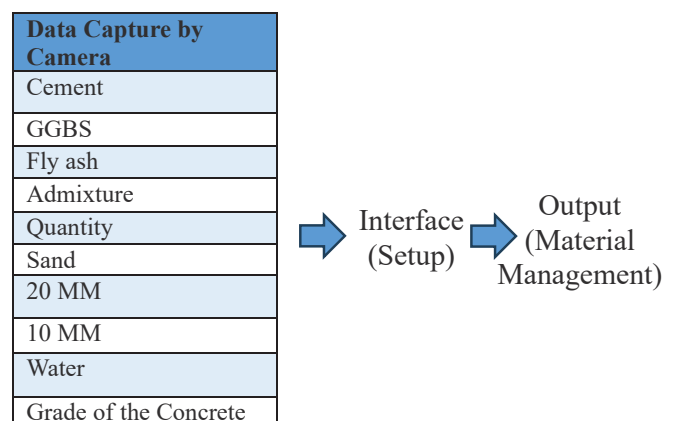
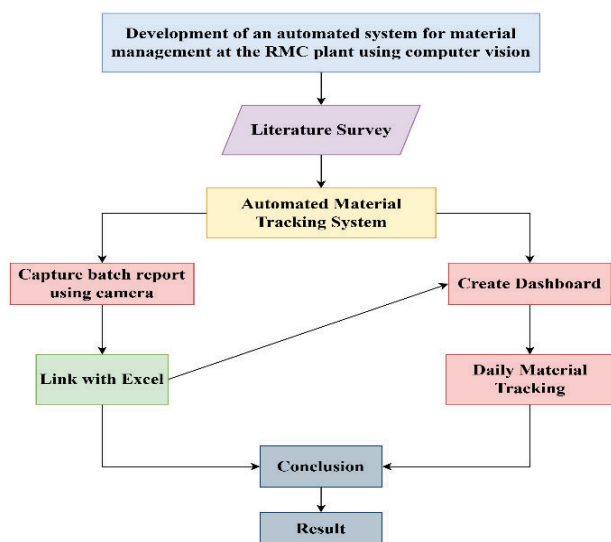


Fig.1.1 Process followed by using Computer Vision

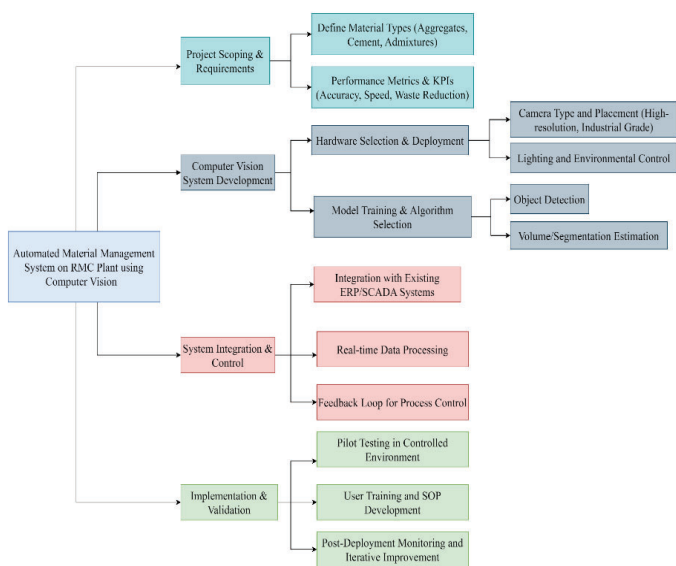
## 2 OBJECTIVE OF STUDY

- To understand the current process of material handling and its challenges in RMC plants.
- To identify information needed to manage materials more accurately and in real time.
- To design an automated system using computer vision to track and manage materials like cement, aggregates, water, and admixtures.
- To validate the system for improvement in efficiency, reduces waste, at RMC plant operations.

## 3 METHODOLOGY



### 3.1 Detailed of Methodology:



## 4 PROCESS FOLLOWED IN RMC PLANT

In RMC Plant the Cement, GGBS, Fly ash, Sand, Aggregate (20MM, 10MM), Water, Admixture and Grade of Concrete this value mention in batch report. And RMC plant followed up the daily material used.

manually work using this value create an excel sheet for daily update of how much material used. They tracking material manually like Storage and Order for material. In manually daily consumption can take to much time and sometimes mistakes will happen due to quantity of production in high.

Aggregate		Cement				Water		MS / ICE		Admixture		
SAND	CSAN	20MM	10MM	0	CEM1	CEM2	GGBS	FLY	WATER	-	ADMIX1	ADMIX2
0	800	0	920	0	295	0	135	50	150	0.00	0.00	4.90
Water Abs (%) Moisture (%) with water correction / Corr. Target In Kgs / Actual In Kgs.												
3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0.00					Bal. Wtr	0		
1.20	1.20	0.60	1.00	0.00						152	0.00	0.00
0	813	0	802	0	260	0	119	44	152	0.00	0.00	4.31
0	804	0	781	0	255	0	118	39	150	0.00	0.00	4.23
3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0.00					Bal. Wtr	0		
1.20	1.20	0.60	1.00	0.00						14	152	0.00
0	813	0	802	0	260	0	119	44	152	0.00	0.00	4.31
0	781	0	789	0	258	0	118	40	150	0.00	0.00	4.22
3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0.00					Bal. Wtr	0		
1.20	1.20	0.60	1.00	0.00						14	152	0.00
0	821	0	790	0	260	0	119	44	151	0.00	0.00	4.30
0	821	0	790	0	260	0	118	50	152	0.00	0.00	4.34
3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0.00					Bal. Wtr	0		
1.20	1.20	0.60	1.00	0.00						14	152	0.00
0	813	0	802	0	260	0	119	44	152	0.00	0.00	4.31
0	813	0	802	0	260	0	118	50	152	0.00	0.00	4.34
0	824	0	823	0	263	0	118	50	152	0.00	0.00	4.34
Total Set Weight in Kgs.												
0	3252	0	3208	0	1040	0	476	176	608	0.00	0.00	17.25
Total Actual in Kgs.												
0	3230	0	3189	0	1034	0	472	173	603	0.00	0.00	17.09

Image.4.1 Batch Report

Materials	Actuals In Kgs	Targets In Kgs	Difference In Kgs
SAND	90281	90523	-242
CSAND	64054	64248	-194
20MM	63919	64223	-304
10MM	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
Agg6	0	0	0
CEM1	35658	35650	8
CEM2	0	0	0
GGBS	1147	1151	-4
FLY	8642	8668	-26
WATER	17885	17883	2
-	0	0	0
Slurry	0	0	0
ADMIX1	445	444	0
ADMIX2	51	52	0
-	0	0	0
-	0	0	0
-	0	0	0
-	0	0	0
Total Production Quantity / Returned Quantit			
	114.02	0.00	

Image 4.2 Quantity of Material in Batch report



An automated system can guarantee accuracy, openness, and real-time monitoring of materials. Using computer vision tech seems promising. Computer vision is part of artificial intelligence that allows computers to analyze visual information from cameras and sensors. By adding this tech to an RMC plant, material levels can be automatically tracked, vehicle or equipment movements can be followed, and stockpile levels can be checked using images or videos. Creating an automated material management system using computer vision tries to reduce the need for people to be involved and make RMC plants work better. By using image processing methods, getting real-time data, and creating analytical models, the system can continuously track material levels, produce precise inventory reports, and send alerts for getting new material. This keeps production running smoothly, cuts down on waste, and controls resources.

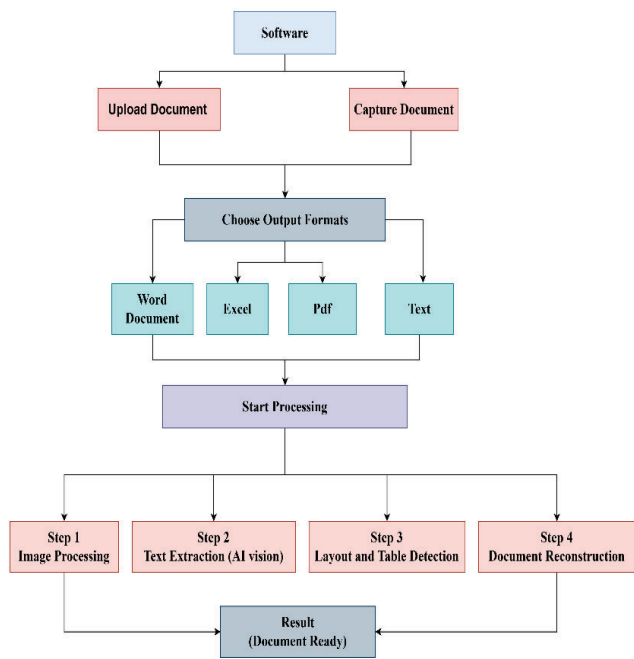


Image 6.3 Software Processing

6.2 Input:

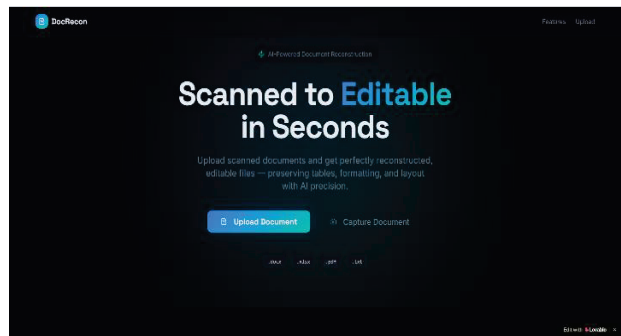


Image 6.2.1 Input Window

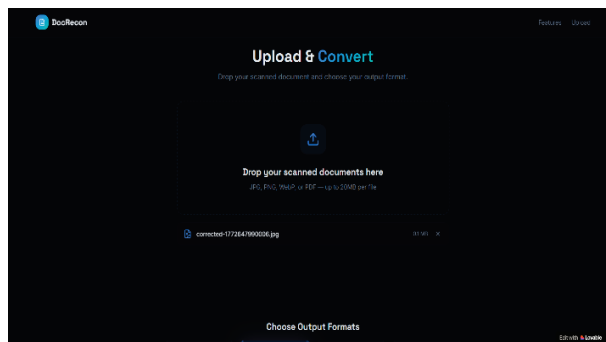


Image 6.2.2 Document Uploading

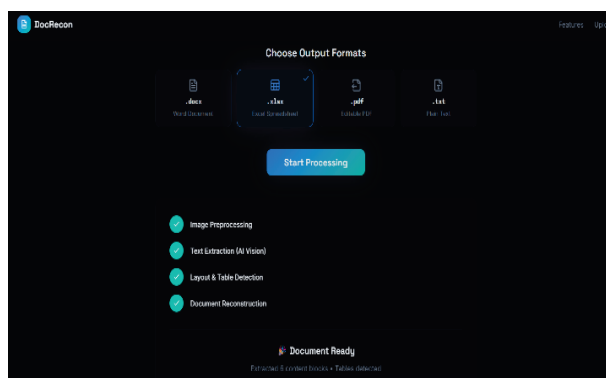


Image 6.2.3 Document Processing

6.3 Output:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
9	Recipe Name : M-35SCC														
10	Truck Number : MH14IL6375														
11	Truck Driver : Chandan														
12	Order Number														
13	Batcher Name : Stetter														
14	Label	SAND	CSAN	20MM	10MM	O CEM1	CEM2	GGBS	FLY	WATER	MS/ICE	ADMIX1	ADMIX2		
15	Aggregate					Cement				Water		Admixture			
16	Recipe Ta	0	920	0	960		370	0	0	100	152		0	4.9	
17	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
18	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
19	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
20	Actual in	0	871	0	945		367	0	0	100	178		0	4.85	
21	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
22	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
23	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
24	Actual in	0	897	0	945		371	0	0	99	178		0	4.86	
25	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
26	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
27	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
28	Actual in	0	897	0	945		371	0	0	99	178		0	4.86	
29	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
30	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
31	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
32	Actual in	0	887	0	950		372	0	0	99	180		0	4.88	
33	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
34	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
35	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
36	Actual in	0	915	0	955		372	0	0	96	179		0	4.9	
37	Water Ab	3.36	3.36	1.24	1.32	0							2		
38	Moisture	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0					Bal. Wtr		0		
39	Target in	0	901	0	955		370	0	0	100	178		0	4.9	
40	Actual in	0	909	0	985		369	0	0	104	180		0	4.94	
41	Label	SAND	CSAN	20MM	10MM	O CEM1	CEM2	GGBS	FLY	WATER		ADMIX1	ADMIX2		
42	Total Set	0	5406	0	5730	0	2220	0	0	600	1068		0	29.4	
43	Total Act.	0	5371	0	5723	0	2217	0	0	600	1073		0	29.34	

Image 6.3.1 Upload Document Result

Type	SAND	CSAN	20MM	10MM	CEMI	CEM2	GGBS	FLY	WATER	ADMIX1	ADMIX2
Recipe Targets	0	782	605	506	365	0	0	80	177	4.5	0
Recipe Targets	0	807	585	533	235	0	0	60	165	3.2	0
Recipe Targets	0	770	594	500	295	0	0	80	164	4.1	0
Recipe Targets	0	811	635	545	265	0	0	70	175	3.9	0
Recipe Targets	0	569	568	481	120	0	0	95	196	2.2	0
Recipe Targets	0	809	585	533	235	0	0	60	163	3.2	0
Recipe Targets	0	894	0	876	295	0	135	50	169	0	4.9
Recipe Targets	0	901	0	952	370	0	0	100	179	0	5
Recipe Targets	0	784	606	506	365	0	0	80	169	4.5	0
Recipe Targets	0	809	585	533	235	0	0	60	163	3.2	0
Recipe Targets	0	894	0	876	295	0	135	50	169	0	4.9
Recipe Targets	0	809	585	533	235	0	0	60	163	3.2	0

Image 6.3.2 Capture Document Result

### 6.4 Material Variations:

#### Variation in Materials Daily

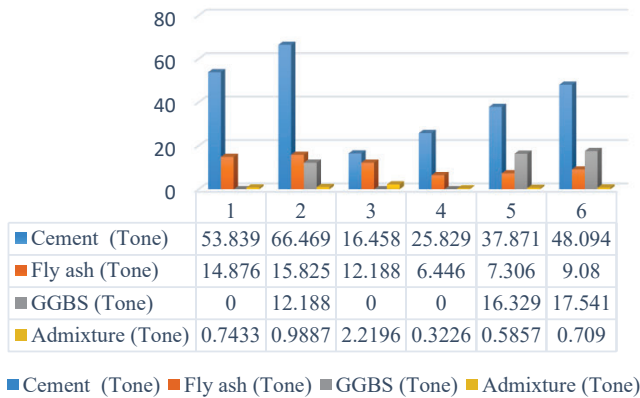


Image 6.4.1 Daily Material Variation in Cement, Fly Ash, GGBS and Admixture

#### Variations in Material Daily

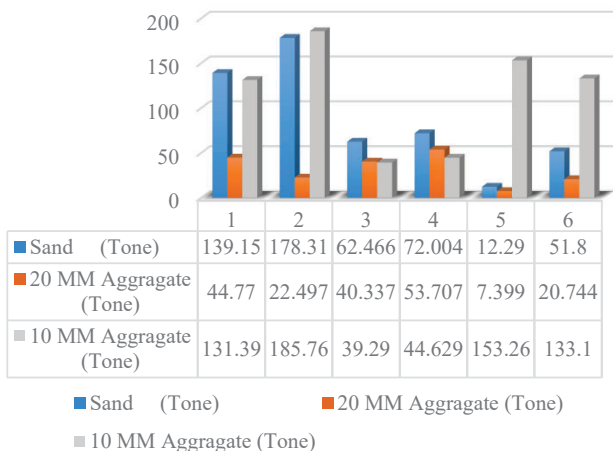


Image 6.4.2 Daily Material Variation in Sand, 10MM and 20MM

#### Variation in Materials Weekly

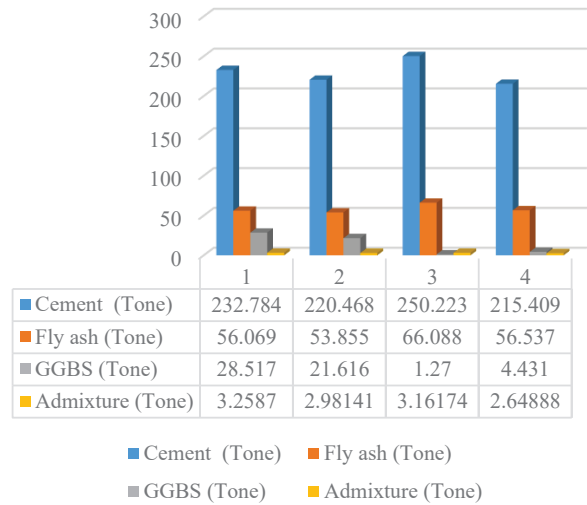


Image 6.4.3 Weekly Material Variation in Cement, Fly Ash, GGBS and Admixture

#### Variation in Materials Weekly

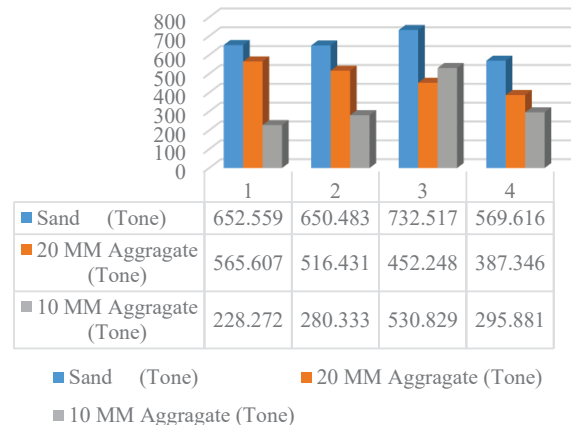


Image 6.4.4 Weekly Material Variation in Sand, 10 MM and 20 MM

## 6 CONCLUSION

1. Consumption of materials is high in RMC plants, where cement is consumed up to 66 tons per day, while aggregate can be up to 185 tons per day.
2. Material management through human intervention causes time wastage and makes humans prone to errors and incorrect material management.
3. A proposed computer vision system allows for data acquisition and tracking of materials automatically.
4. Automating activities results in increased efficiency by 8-10% as well as minimizing wastage of materials by 1-2%.
5. The system minimizes human involvement by almost 80-90%, thus ensuring accuracy.
6. It helps to plan material inventories and prevents shortage and excess of materials.
7. Facilitates decision-making based on daily consumption of materials.

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