Android Based Control Software for Small Unmanned Aerial Vehicles

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Abstract- Ground Control Station (GCS) is an essential part of the any Unmanned Aircraft Vehicle (UAV) system. In the UAV system the GCS's main tasks are sending control commands and intelligence-gathering mission real-time data. This paper presents architecture of GCS for android operating system. Whole design process included two main parts. One was preparing the source code with appropriate programming languages. Another was GUI (Graphical User Interface) design. We selected the Java programming language for coding. GCS communicates with the UAV via UDP connection get mission data and displays it with the bi-directional processes. The system for the ground station gives a flexible graphical interface monitoring the real-time status of the UAV machines.

Keywords- Unmanned Aircraft Vehicle; Ground Control Station; Android mobile operating system.

I. INTRODUCTION

Rafael Yanushovsky in his book described the UAV with a short and comprehensive definition. UAVs a space-traversing vehicle that flies without a human crew on board and that can be remotely controlled or can fly autonomously [1]. Old military age the [2] UAVs are used for missions that are long, tiring, and dangerous, but from past few decades there are big changes that the UAVs begun to use non-military proposes. Currently small types of the UAVs are becoming more widely used in all types of fields, such as agricultural mapping, catastrophe monitoring, gathering weather data and so on. In addition, the economics of operation are often in the advantage of the UAVs [2]. Interest in using UAVs is also growing within the scientific world. Innumerable studies have been done on the control methods, system architecture, and software implementation for UAVs.

The control station plays a terminal role for end users to monitor and interactions with the UAV machines through the wireless communication channel [3]. The GCS is the control and communication center of the whole UAV system.

As is known the Android is name of mobile operating system based on the Linux kernel, and it designed primarily for touchscreen mobile devices such as smartphones and tablet computers. Currently the android is popular and widespread used operating system. Design control system on portable android devices and combined with the small UAV machine is great idea all of the time that is provide forend users wide operating space and convenient carrying functions.

Past few years, especially after Google released the 2.3 version of android operating system, worldwide numerous software developers turned their attention to the android applications development. Follow this Design tendency somebody tried to develop the traditional PC based GCS on the android platform, and combined it with the android touch screen devises. These types of the design works are mainly used for personal preferences and some of them are applied for private business. This kinds of android GCS's common features are not used in academic research fields and designed to attract customers. At the result, most of the android based GCSs are become more sophisticated but not has real academic values. There are needs to fast prototype flight control system for academic research. For this propose, we designed simple, powerful and reliable android based ground control software system on android devices.

The paper organized as follows: Firstly, the ground control system workflow and limitation factors are discussed. After this section we argued Android based control software design, briefly indicated basic android control software development goals, mythology, and developing environments, also GUI design. At the last section we discussed about the UAV’s remote client and flight data sending processes, also database and MAVLink (Micro Air Vehicle Link) protocol.

II. GROUND CONTROL SYSTEM WORKFLOW

The software design and development of GCS gains insufficient attention passed two decades [4]. With the differentiation of developing a ground control software in the Windows environment, the android based control software has unique structure. Fig. 1, shows main workflows of the android based GCS software, this model mainly described information flows from android devices to UAV and simultaneously UAV to the android ground control station. For acquisition valid flight data from the UAV system, we need two processes: one is transmitting process, namely operator sends control commands by click the
android control software’s main command windows. With the special input modular the commands translate to the machine readable codes and deliver to the MAVlink Command center then through the uplink control to move to the 3DR radios then send to UAV main machine [5].

Another is receiving process, in this procedure, the operator acquire multiple types of the data from the UAV main machine by downlink controller. After translator and outputs the flight data display GCS’s main display windows. GCS is the media to perform this bi-directional process. And GCS software is the essential element of GCS functions [4]. Actual data flow more complicated than shown in the Fig.1.

![Fig.1](image)

**III. LIMITATIONS**

Hardware including: android touch screen devices, 3DR radio, OTG (USB On-The-Go) cable and other secondary communication devices. Compared with the tradition big size, PC (private computer) based GCSs, the android GCS have unique advantages such as mobility, portability and flexibility. Also android application development platforms provided us considerable possibility to design software user interface. Nevertheless, implementing a mini-type of the GCS in the android mobile operating system is not facile task. Because there are so many hardware and software related limitations.

**A. Hardware limitations**

Hardware obstacles including data transformation between the UAV and android devises, battery exhaustion, flooding and small screen size of android devises.

- **Data transformation**: Due to android devises hardware restrictions android GCS allows only single, non-back up data communication with UAV. The information could not be shared with other UAVs. The air-ground links between UAV and GCS interchanges large volume of multi-type information. It requires high transferring speedand high reliability [5]. Generally the android devises designs for entertainment and interacting between people with poor capacity of system hardware. Therefore the data link is the one of the major problem that compromised android GCS’s functions. Resolving this problem we can utilities change of the data format to XML (Extensible Markup Language) format. It would help us to solving this problem [6], also we can add extra storages to the android devices and extends internal spaces.

- **Battery exhaustion**: During the operation, the battery discharges very quickly. And it kills the smart device and ultimately prevent the operators from controlling the UAV or dissemination of information.

- **Flooding**: The smart device by overloading with numerous types of messages, preventing the soldier from providing or receiving information with the network. Surveillance attacks utilizes smart device resources remotely to monitor communication, allowing the attacker to identify the location of the soldier maneuvering the UAV and other soldiers nearby placing them in danger of physical attack [6][7].

- **Small screen size** : mostly screen size of the android devices, such as android smartphone and android tablets manufactures are very small. In generally it arranged from 3.2 inch to 10.1 inch. Compared with the large type of the GCSs it makes greater difficult to design GUI and operates. Currently some PC maker companies released big screen size desktop computer and PC tablets with the android operating system. Even so, that types of the android devises with big screen size but them not suitable to uses out door. Solve this problem we consider to selected android tablets with 10.1 inch screen size and bigger.

**B. Software limitations**

The fact is the limitations of small-scale hardware undeniably affects in the UAV relate research activities. At the same time design a full functional android application in the software development section existing many non-ignorable problems. We will mention the three main Vulnerabilities[8].

- **Platform**: Developed our android GCS software we utilized the Google’s official android application development platform-SDK (Software Design Kits). The SDK’s compiler, tools and documentations are still maturing, therefore in that platform designs impeccable and full functionally android GCS software is difficult task [9].

- **Map**: Our android GCS software packaged with Google online map, therefore the Google map needs internet connection. And on-time to displays the UAV’s current position information in the android devises main screen. Without the internet connection our GCS not able to displays the UAVs’s location [10]. Solve this obstacle to utilize the off-line map looks like better choice. But the off-line maps has disadvantages such as security, reliability and embedded with the android. At the end, selected which type of the map depends on developer’s demands.

- **Cybersecurity**: Android Software applications can be distributed through Google Play and through third party application marketplaces. Google Android allows anyone to submit apps for download within Google Play without any quality or security testing, which introduces cyber security vulnerabilities easily into the software database and Android
devices[6]. As mentioned previously, most of the UAV’s control station design and develops for certain special tasks. Therefore the GCS software’s security is could be considered and cannot be ignored work.

IV. SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

A. software requirements

According to the previous section, there are software and hardware limitation, due to this situation made highly restricted to designs full functionally android GCS software. While the android based UAV ground station software is the primary development goals are as follows:

- Support for multiple types of UAV machines, also able to control and managed flight data.
- Reusable software and hardware—the software and hardware able to ported with other applications[11].
- Has a good real-time performance and reliability, the realization of a friendly user interface to facilitate the operation of the user[12].
- The control software should be work all of the android versions.

B. development tools

Currently for developing an android application, we can seek out various types of software development platforms, such as Android studio, android SDK, Android Studio... etc. But consider functionality, accessibility and frequently updates useful features- our best choice is utilizes Google’s android application development kit- SDK. The android SDK provided all the necessary tools which are important for developing prefect android application in the direct and successful way.

C. development mythology

Our android GCS software developed by the object-orientate programming techniques and manual code that written in the JAVA, XML and Scala programming languages.

Java is programming languages that class-based, object-oriented and particularly designed for developed client-server web applications. Android application development platform mainly using the Java language. When design full feature android applications without the Java programming languages we difficult to implementation it[13]. Android application development platform SDK utilizes XML languages to design Graphical User Interface.

Scala is one the object-functional programming and scripting language, generally used to design software applications. Our android GCS’s a portion manual codes prepared in the Scala programming language.

D. User Interface Design and GUI components

Android development platform –SDK provided two types of the user interface design methods. One is XML layout files to design GUI, another one is utilizes the JAVA program code to control the behavior of the components. Android is recommended to define the user interface using XML layout file, rather than using JAVA code to develop the user interface.

In the real GUI design process the developer according to the personal knowledge and background can select XML layout design and JAVA coding design. Also we can choose to apply both of the design way in our design tasks. In our GUI design part we applied first way that In the XML layout file is controlled via XML attributes.

In the XML design pattern, the android SDK provided most of possible tools to design user interface windows. Fig. 2 shows the two main android elements in GUI design.

The main role of ground control stations to obtain fight data from the UAV machines and send the commands to UAV through wireless communication channels. Therefore design an understandable and realistic user interface is the indispensable task in the control software development. Our user interface window divided many sub-windows. Classifies by the characters there are two types of the windows. One is display windows, another is command windows.

Display windows is the extremely important section of the android GCS software. It is including Parameters, Map, HUD, Mission planning and Alarm windows.

- Parameter window responsible to display UAV’s main parameters, such as Altitude, longitude, air speed, ground speed, and so on.
- Alarm- speak out of the low battery voltage, low RSSI (received signal strength indicator), and low GPS (Global Position System) satellite count and so on.
- UAV mission planning is essentially a map-based planning process with a tasking and result in a plan that satisfies the tasking requirements and other mission criteria. The tasking generally requires that certain areas be observed by sensors on-board UAV and an interpretation of the sensor imagery be provided within a specified time frame[14].
- The Main tasks of the Map window are to reveal the real-time position of the UAV machine on the map. Also, the map window allows the operators to send GPS waypoints to the UAV and it autonomously fly to
the designated waypoints. For map view we utilized the Google’s open source on-line maps. The Google maps supplies the three different map views - normal map view, satellite image view and terrain view, select which one depending on the needs of the developer. Another benefit of using the Google maps is Multiple Destinations, Google maps easily add a new destination to the route with a single click. There for compare with the other open street maps the Google maps are the best choice to observe UAV’s current position and display other flight parameters [15].

- HUD is a head-up display window.

The Fig.3 and Fig.4 shown Map windowand Head up display window.

![Fig.3 Head up display for android GCS](image)

![Fig.4Google map for android GCS](image)

V. COMMUNICATION

In the whole control software design process the communication is belongs to the background runningpart. The communication protocol section contained sending and receiving procedures, in the database, we given a short overviews about the MAVLinl open source library.

A. communication protocol

Exchanges information between the android based GCS and the UAV, we utilized UDP as a client and server link, also TCP(Transmission Control Protocol) as a client link,UDP protocol, namely the User Datagram Protocol, which requires network application is mainly used to transfer data between computers support. Like with the TCP protocol, UDP protocol IP protocol directly on the top floor[16].The TCP protocol implanted various security features, but the actual implementation process will take up a lot of system overhead. Undoubtedly make a serious impact speed[17]. And in this system there is only onboard wireless embedded computers and computer monitors both network terminal, it does not require security features, simplicity and fast transmit speed advantages make the UDP protocol our first choice[18].UDP does not belongs to connectivity protocols, thus has the advantages that resource consumption is small and fast processing speed, so usually transmission audio, video and data in using UDP is morecommonly, because they occasionally one or two packets lost in time, also won’t have much of an impact the result of the receiving.

The Fig.6 described command send process with the switch-break multiple-selection statement diagram. The previous three cases are pertaining to three possible Bluetooth handlerswhich are devise not support, communication disable and no connection.Last three cases are belongs to USB handler and Wireless communication client handlers.
After selected certain action the UAV machines beginning to receive MAVLink data[19]. The Fig.7 showed Flight data receive process with the switch-break multiple-selection statement diagram. This process through selected a possible procedure the UAV able to send byte array to the ground station. Specifically, at the start the UAV send massages by byte array if it able to register in the client the massages adds to massaged center. Then the servers handler send a status request and next step the massage array removed from the massage center, at the end the massage begun to receive by android devises.

For data base, we utilized the MAVLink open source library. It is very lightweight, powerful, header-only message library for micro air vehicles. It is mostly used for communication between GCS and UAV, also in the inter-communication of the subsystem of the vehicle. In the GCS software it used to transmit the unmanned vehicle’s real-time states, such as its GPS location, air speed and ground speed. MAVLink not only more efficient on most of the platforms but also supports widely arrange of aircrafts.

VI. CONCLUSION
Grand control station is an essential part of the whole UAV system, not only can withstand the high intensity of network data flow, and timely response to the user’s operation, and has a good user interface. The android based Ground control software has strong real-time performance, good stability, friendly man-machine interface, extensible ability and can provide enough information for ground control operators. The software using object oriented technology developed, has easy maintenance easy extension, which provides convenience for further upgrade of the software. The android version of the ground station using JAVA and SCALA language compilation, on Google SDK platform development. As long as the android ground control station can be able to work in theory android smart devices. In the process of the implementation of the project, the software has made full inspection and application to meet the design requirements.

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