

AI Enabled Multicloud Strategies For Cross Border Remittance Platform

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Abstract— The global remittance industry is a lifeline for millions of people, facilitating the transfer of funds across borders to support families, businesses, and economies. However, traditional remittance platforms are plagued by inefficiencies, including high fees, slow transaction speeds, limited scalability, and vulnerability to fraud. These challenges are compounded by the need to navigate complex regulatory landscapes, mitigate vendor lock-in risks, ensure business continuity, and optimize performance while maintaining near-zero downtime. This paper introduces an AI-enabled multicloud strategy for cross-border remittance platforms, integrating advanced technologies such as hybrid cloud architecture, serverless computing, blockchain technology, and artificial intelligence (AI). By leveraging a hybrid multicloud model—using Nutanix for on-premises workloads alongside public clouds like AWS, Azure, or Google Cloud—the platform achieves seamless scalability, operational flexibility, and cost-efficiency. The integration of serverless architecture ensures dynamic scaling of backend services, enhancing resilience and availability. Blockchain technology serves as the backbone of the proposed solution, ensuring transparency, traceability, and security through smart contracts and decentralized transaction logging. Meanwhile, AI models augment the platform with fraud detection, real-time currency optimization, and predictive analytics for user behavior. These features collectively enhance user trust, improve operational efficiency, and reduce costs. A critical element of this solution is the integration of frontend user interfaces for seamless customer interaction and a robust commission and settlement model that drives partner network effects. The solution also addresses key concerns such as vendor risk, by adopting technology-agnostic deployments; business resiliency, through disaster recovery mechanisms and compliance with global regulations; and performance optimization, by leveraging containerized workloads and intelligent resource allocation. This paper demonstrates how an AI-enabled multicloud approach can transform cross-border remittance platforms into highly scalable, secure, and efficient systems capable of addressing the evolving demands of the global remittance market while fostering financial inclusion and innovation. The proposed architecture sets a foundation for future developments, including integration with Central Bank Digital Currencies (CBDCs) and enhanced blockchain interoperability.

Keywords— hybrid multicloud, AI, blockchain, Nutanix, AWS, GCP, Azure, cross border remittance, money transfer

INTRODUCTION

The global remittance market plays a pivotal role in sustaining economies, especially in developing countries. In 2023, remittances accounted for nearly \$800 billion in global financial flows, with developing economies receiving

approximately \$540 billion of this amount. For millions of households, cross-border remittances are not merely transactions; they are lifelines providing support for education, healthcare, and essential needs.

Despite their importance, traditional remittance platforms face critical challenges:

- **High Transaction Costs:** Fees for cross-border transactions average 6%–8% of the total amount, making them expensive for end users.
- **Latency Issues:** Settlement of funds often takes 1–5 days, creating inconvenience and uncertainty.
- **Security and Fraud Risks:** Platforms are vulnerable to cyberattacks and fraudulent activities, which undermine user trust.
- **Compliance Complexities:** Platforms must navigate diverse regulatory frameworks for anti-money laundering (AML) and Know Your Customer (KYC) compliance.
- **Vendor Lock-In Risks:** Dependence on a single cloud provider hinders flexibility and increases operational risks.

Emerging technologies such as blockchain, artificial intelligence (AI), and multicloud architecture offer a compelling solution to these challenges. By integrating these technologies, remittance platforms can achieve higher scalability, lower costs, and enhanced security. Blockchain technology ensures transaction transparency and tamper-proof records, while AI provides predictive analytics, fraud detection, and optimization of currency exchanges. The multicloud approach, combining hybrid cloud (e.g., Nutanix) with public clouds (AWS, Azure, GCP), enhances resiliency, agility, and cost efficiency.

This paper explores a comprehensive solution that incorporates these technologies into a seamless, resilient architecture for cross-border remittance platforms. Key features include:

- AI-driven fraud detection and predictive analytics.
- Blockchain-powered smart contracts and tokenization for efficient settlements.
- Multicloud deployment strategies to mitigate vendor risk and ensure near-zero downtime.
- A dynamic commission and settlement model to foster partner network effects.

By addressing vendor risk, business resiliency, compliance, and technology agnosticism, this approach paves the way for next-generation remittance platforms that are secure, cost-effective, and user-centric.

RELATED WORK

The integration of AI, blockchain, and hybrid cloud technologies is revolutionizing the landscape of cross-border payments and remittances. Recent studies provide valuable insights into leveraging these technologies to address the inherent challenges of traditional financial systems, such as high transaction costs, inefficiencies, and lack of transparency.

1. AI and Blockchain Convergence in Payments

Lu et al. discussed the convergence of AI and blockchain in optimizing currency exchange rates, emphasizing the use of predictive analytics for minimizing costs in cross-border payments. Their study highlights how distributed ledger technology (DLT) ensures transparency and reduces transactional inefficiencies [1]. Dasaraju explored the integration of blockchain with QR codes and AI to enhance cross-border remittance systems. The work underscores the potential of these technologies to improve transaction scalability and real-time validation [2].

2. Blockchain Applications for Cross-Border Remittances

Leitão’s research on blockchain applications demonstrated how blockchain could reduce costs and improve transaction speed for international remittances. The study delves into how decentralized platforms eliminate intermediaries, ensuring peer-to-peer transparency and efficiency [3]. Petrisin and Johnson explored blockchain’s ability to provide secure, immutable records for transaction data, highlighting its application in compliant and transparent financial ecosystems. Their work offers insights into the role of blockchain in maintaining regulatory compliance [4].

3. AI-Driven Innovations in Payments

Inampudi et al. proposed using AI-driven deep learning models to enhance the security and efficiency of international transactions. The study demonstrates how real-time fraud detection algorithms can identify anomalies, ensuring the safety and speed of cross-border remittances [5]. Ouaisa et al examined the synergy between AI, blockchain, and IoT in securing payment infrastructures. Their findings provide a framework for developing robust and intelligent financial systems [6].

4. Hybrid Cloud in Financial Systems

Gajiwala highlighted the advantages of hybrid cloud adoption in his study. He emphasized how hybrid cloud models enable scalability and regulatory compliance while optimizing workloads across public and private clouds [7]. Deb and Choudhury elaborated on how hybrid cloud enhances the integration of machine learning and blockchain technologies for secure financial applications. Their work provides a roadmap for implementing cloud security solutions in remittance systems [8].

5. Emerging Trends and Digital Transformation

Emerging trends in financial technologies were extensively discussed in a case study by Eunchan et al. Their research highlights how South Korea's financial sector has adopted blockchain and AI to remain competitive globally [9]. The Financial Technologies and DeFi book revisit the digital finance revolution, exploring the role of decentralized finance (DeFi) protocols and blockchain transforming payment systems. It provides a holistic view of the shift toward digital finance, further enhancing remittance platforms [10]. Sabir and Shahid, in their thesis on hybrid cloud management emphasized the critical role of hybrid workload in achieving performance optimization, cost efficiency, and operational continuity, all of which are crucial for remittance platforms [11].

ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

The architecture in Fig-1 for the AI-enabled multicloud cross-border remittance platform integrates several advanced technologies to address the key challenges in the remittance industry. Below, we will break down the architecture, starting with a high-level flow diagram, followed by a detailed description of each component, including example code snippets where applicable.

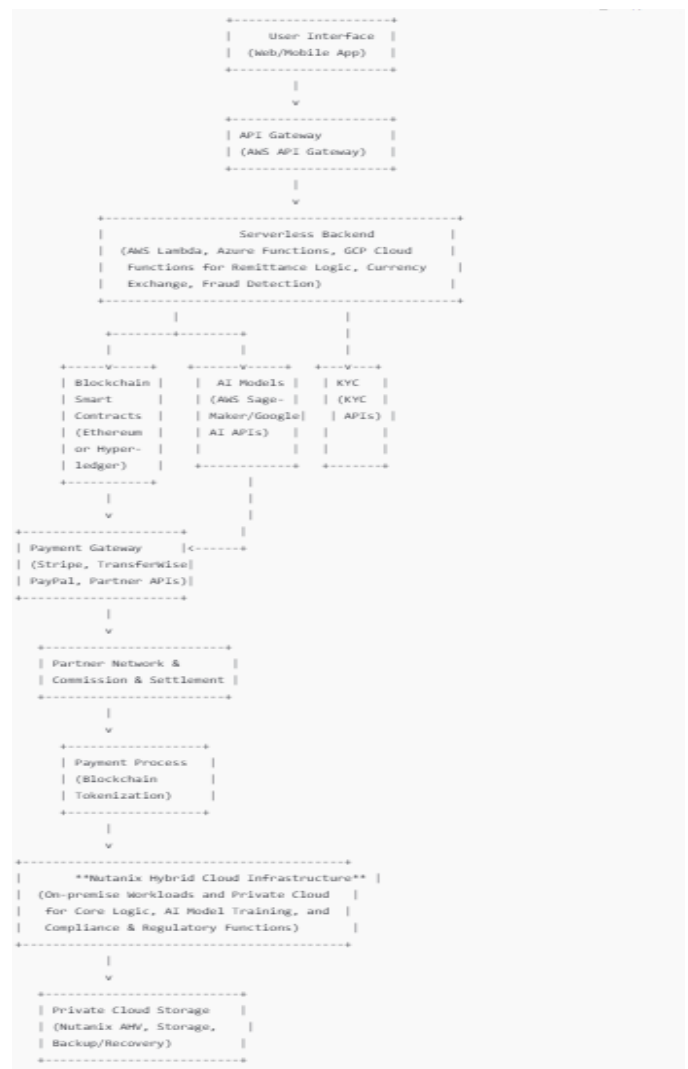


Fig.1 High-Level Architecture Flow

The architecture is based on a hybrid multicloud strategy, using Nutanix for on-premise workloads, public cloud services (AWS, Azure, GCP) for serverless functions and AI services, and blockchain for secure and transparent transactions. Here's the flow of data and operations across components:

1. User Interface (Frontend)

The user-facing interface allows customers to initiate transactions, check exchange rates, and manage their accounts. The frontend can be built using React.js as shown in Fig-2 (or any other modern JavaScript framework) and can be deployed globally on AWS Amplify or Azure Static Web Apps for scalability and low latency.

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';

const TransactionForm = () => {
  const [status, setStatus] = useState("");
  const [amount, setAmount] = useState("");
  const [receiver, setReceiver] = useState("");

  const submitTransaction = async (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
    const transactionData = {
      receiver: receiver,
      amount: amount,
      currency: 'USD', // Can be dynamically set
    };

    const response = await fetch("/api/record-transaction", {
      method: "POST",
      body: JSON.stringify(transactionData),
      headers: { "Content-Type": "application/json" }
    });

    const result = await response.json();
    setStatus(result.message);
  };

  return (
    <form onSubmit={submitTransaction}>
      <input type="text" value={receiver} onChange={(e) => setReceiver(e.target.value)} placeholder="Receiver Address" />
      <input type="number" value={amount} onChange={(e) => setAmount(e.target.value)} placeholder="Amount" />
      <button type="submit">Send Money</button>
    </form>
  );
};

export default TransactionForm;
```

Fig. 2. React - Transaction Form Component

2. API Gateway

The API Gateway (e.g., AWS API Gateway) handles incoming requests, routing them to appropriate backend services, and provides rate-limiting and security features. It serves as the communication hub between the frontend and backend components.

1. Serverless Backend (Remittance Logic)

Serverless functions (such as AWS Lambda, Azure Functions, or Google Cloud Functions) process the transaction logic as in Fig-3, including remittance processing, fraud detection, exchange rate calculations, and logging.

- **Remittance Processing:** The serverless function performs business logic such as checking account balances, initiating transactions, and interacting with the blockchain and payment gateways.

```
import json
import boto3
from web3 import Web3

# AWS Lambda function to record a transaction
def lambda_handler(event, context):
    transaction_data = json.loads(event['body'])
    receiver = transaction_data['receiver']
    amount = transaction_data['amount']
    currency = transaction_data['currency']

    # Example Blockchain Integration
    web3 = Web3(Web3.HTTPProvider('http://localhost:8545'))
    contract = web3.eth.contract(address='0xYourContractAddress', abi=contract_abi)

    # Initiate a transaction on the blockchain
    transaction_hash = contract.functions.recordTransaction(receiver, amount, currency).transact()

    # Notify via SNS (Simple Notification Service)
    sns = boto3.client('sns')
    sns.publish(
        TopicArn='arn:aws:sns:region:account-id:topic-name',
        Message=f'Transaction recorded with hash: {transaction_hash}'
    )

    return {
        'statusCode': 200,
        'body': json.dumps({"message": "Transaction successfully recorded"})
    }
```

Fig. 3. Code Example (AWS Lambda - Transaction Logic)

3. Blockchain Integration (Smart Contracts)

The remittance platform uses blockchain technology to record and settle transactions in a transparent and secure manner. Smart contracts can be deployed on blockchain networks like Ethereum or Hyperledger to automate remittance, ensuring compliance and trust.

- **Smart Contracts:** Automate the processing of remittances, including recording sender, receiver, amount, and currency. Fig-4 shows example code. They also facilitate the settlement and commission payment to partners.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;

contract Remittance {
    address public sender;
    address public receiver;
    uint256 public amount;

    // Function to record a transaction
    function recordTransaction(address _receiver, uint256 _amount) public {
        sender = msg.sender;
        receiver = _receiver;
        amount = _amount;
    }

    // Function to retrieve transaction details
    function getTransactionDetails() public view returns (address, address, uint256) {
        return (sender, receiver, amount);
    }
}
```

Fig. 4. Solidity - Smart Contract for Remittance

4. AI Integration (Fraud Detection and Predictive Analytics)

AI models can be integrated for fraud detection, currency exchange rate prediction, and user behavior analysis. AI can flag suspicious transactions, optimize currency exchanges, and offer personalized user experiences. Fig-5 shows example to implement this.

```

import boto3
import json

# Use SageMaker runtime to invoke a pre-trained fraud detection model
def detect_fraud(transaction_data):
    sagemaker_runtime = boto3.client('sagemaker-runtime')

    # Send the transaction data to the AI model
    response = sagemaker_runtime.invoke_endpoint(
        EndpointName='fraud-detection-model',
        Body=json.dumps(transaction_data),
        ContentType='application/json'
    )

    result = json.loads(response['Body'].read().decode())
    return result['fraud_risk']

```

Fig. 5. AWS SageMaker - AI for Fraud Detection

5. Payment Gateway Integration

The platform integrates with payment processors such as PayPal, Stripe, and TransferWise to handle the actual fund transfer as shown in Fig-6. These gateways ensure the seamless movement of money across borders, leveraging their APIs.

```

import stripe

stripe.api_key = 'your_stripe_api_key'

def process_payment(amount, source, destination):
    try:
        # Create a payment intent with Stripe
        payment_intent = stripe.PaymentIntent.create(
            amount=amount,
            currency="usd",
            payment_method=source,
            confirm=True,
        )
        return payment_intent
    except stripe.error.CardError as e:
        # Handle error
        return {"error": str(e)}

```

Fig. 6. Stripe - Payment Integration

6. Partner Network & Commission Model

The partner network, including banks, payment processors, and other financial institutions, is critical for facilitating remittance. A commission and settlement model ensures the correct distribution of fees and commissions among platform stakeholders.

7. Key Component Breakdown with Nutanix Integration

Nutanix provides a single pane of glass for managing workloads across both on-premise and public cloud environments, simplifying operations and reducing management overhead. With Nutanix AHV and Nutanix Clusters, the platform achieves business continuity by replicating critical workloads in case of failure. Nutanix's disaster recovery features ensure that, even in the case of an outage, the platform can resume operation with minimal downtime.

Nutanix allows the remittance platform to run performance-intensive and compliance-critical workloads on-premise, which might require low-latency access to databases or direct control over sensitive data, such as transaction logs, compliance records, or AI model training data. Nutanix on-premises

infrastructure will manage core transaction logic, handle AI model training, and execute fraud detection algorithms with high compute demands. It also integrates seamlessly with public cloud services like AWS and Azure for scaling and resource management.

8. Multicloud Workload Distribution

Nutanix enables the seamless movement of workloads between private and public cloud environments. This hybrid approach allows organizations to leverage Public Cloud (AWS, GCP, Azure). For serverless functions (AWS Lambda, Azure Functions), database services (e.g., Azure SQL, DynamoDB), and AI model inference on AWS SageMaker.

For workloads with low-latency requirements, such as remittance logic and high-performance computing (HPC), fraud detection, AI model training, and integration with blockchain services. Blockchain services like Ethereum or Hyperledger can be deployed on Nutanix's private cloud for faster, more secure transaction verification and decentralized record keeping. AI models for fraud detection and currency exchange prediction can be trained on Nutanix's on-premise compute to maintain strict control over sensitive data and improve model accuracy by processing large datasets locally before scaling on the cloud for inference.

9. AI and Blockchain Integration with Nutanix

Blockchain (Smart Contracts): Smart contracts deployed on Ethereum or Hyperledger blockchains ensure that remittance transactions are secure, transparent, and immutable. Transactions such as fund transfers, commission distribution, and currency exchange are automatically validated, reducing the need for intermediaries.

```

const { Contract } = require('fabric-contract-api');

class RemittanceContract extends Contract {

    async recordTransaction(ctx, sender, receiver, amount) {
        const transaction = {
            sender: sender,
            receiver: receiver,
            amount: amount,
            timestamp: new Date().toISOString()
        };

        await ctx.stub.putState(sender + receiver + Date.now(), Buffer.from(JSON.stringify(transaction)));
    }

    async getTransactionDetails(ctx, transactionId) {
        const transactionAsBytes = await ctx.stub.getState(transactionId);
        if (!transactionAsBytes || transactionAsBytes.length === 0) {
            throw new Error(`${transactionId} does not exist`);
        }
        return transactionAsBytes.toString();
    }
}

module.exports = RemittanceContract;

```

Fig. 7. Hyperledger - Blockchain Smart Contract for Remittance

In this contract, the recordTransaction function in Fig-7 allows remittance transactions to be stored in a blockchain ledger with sender, receiver, and amount data, ensuring full transparency. AI and Machine Learning on Nutanix: AI services are used for fraud detection, currency rate prediction, and user behavior analysis. Nutanix enables high-performance AI/ML model training through its integrated Nutanix Prism for resource management.

For AI model training shown in Fig-8, the Nutanix infrastructure provides GPU-powered nodes for high throughput, low-latency processing, which is especially useful when dealing with large datasets and complex model training tasks (such as deep learning for fraud detection).

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# Load and prepare your dataset
data = load_data()
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data.features, data.labels, test_size=

# Build a simple neural network for fraud detection
model = keras.Sequential([
    keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(X_train.shape[1],)),
    keras.layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

# Train the model on Nutanix-powered infrastructure
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=32)

# Evaluate the model on the test set
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f'Test accuracy: {test_acc}')
```

Fig. 8. AI Model Training with TensorFlow on Nutanix

10. Payment and Commission Settlement Model

The integration of payment gateways like Stripe, TransferWise, and PayPal into the Nutanix-powered platform enables efficient handling of cross-border payments. Blockchain ensures seamless, transparent, and immutable transaction recording.

The commission settlement model for partners is integrated into the blockchain, allowing for easy settlement between parties. Nutanix hosts the service infrastructure, ensuring that these services are highly available, secure, and resilient.

CONCLUSION

The integration of AI-enabled multicloud strategies for a cross-border remittance platform, combined with Nutanix's hybrid infrastructure, represents a comprehensive, cutting-edge solution for the rapidly evolving global payments landscape. By leveraging advanced technologies such as blockchain, AI, and serverless computing within a hybrid multicloud environment, the platform ensures scalability, security, low latency, and cost optimization—all while maintaining high resilience and business continuity.

The hybrid multicloud model allows businesses to strike the right balance between on-premise and public cloud resources, ensuring that sensitive workloads requiring high performance, such as core remittance logic, AI model training, and compliance checks, can be securely hosted on Nutanix's private cloud infrastructure. At the same time, the platform leverages the vast computing power and flexibility of public clouds like

AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud to scale serverless functions, host AI models, and manage complex remittance operations with minimal downtime. This setup minimizes vendor risk, ensures business resiliency, and fosters a high degree of technology agnosticism, allowing businesses to adopt best-in-class tools and services irrespective of the underlying cloud provider.

Nutanix's Hyperconverged Infrastructure (HCI) guarantees high availability, enabling critical workloads to be replicated across cloud environments, thus mitigating the risk of system failures and maximizing uptime. Furthermore, by incorporating disaster recovery solutions, businesses ensure that the remittance platform remains operational even in the face of unforeseen disruptions. Nutanix's distributed architecture enables seamless failover and load balancing, crucial for delivering a 0% downtime experience for end-users who rely on real-time cross-border payments.

Blockchain technology plays a key role in ensuring the transparency and security of transactions on the platform. By utilizing smart contracts deployed on Ethereum or Hyperledger, remittance transactions, currency exchanges, and commission settlements are securely recorded and stored in an immutable ledger. This eliminates the need for intermediaries, streamlining the transaction process while ensuring that all records are tamper-proof. Moreover, blockchain ensures compliance with regulatory requirements, providing a secure and auditable system for global remittance operations. The AI models deployed across public and private clouds enhance the platform's ability to detect fraudulent transactions, predict currency exchange rates, and optimize user behavior. By utilizing machine learning and deep learning techniques, the system can continuously improve its performance, offering more accurate predictions and insights as the volume of remittance transactions grows. The combination of AI-powered fraud detection with blockchain ensures that all remittance transactions are not only fast and secure but also compliant with the ever-evolving regulatory landscape. Nutanix offers a unique advantage in terms of performance optimization through its ability to run AI and machine learning models on-premise using its GPU-powered nodes, ensuring high throughput and low latency for real-time fraud detection and transaction processing. In addition, Nutanix's distributed storage and data locality features ensure that critical data, such as transaction logs and AI model training data, can be accessed with minimal delay, boosting the overall platform performance. The partner network model facilitates the collaboration of various financial institutions, remittance agents, and payment processors across the globe. Nutanix ensures that this network is supported with seamless integrations with third-party payment gateways (e.g., Stripe, PayPal, TransferWise), enabling real-time transactions between partners. Furthermore, the commission settlement system built on blockchain allows for transparent and automatic distribution of funds among partners, with all transactions and fees auditable through the blockchain ledger.

